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# N-Channel 40-V (D-S) MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY				
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	$R_{DS(on)}(\Omega)$	I <sub>D</sub> (A) <sup>a</sup>	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)	
40	0.0129 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	14	22 nC	
	0.0168 at V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V	14	22110	

**SO-8** 

Top View

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### **FEATURES**

- DT-Trench Power MOSFET
- Optimized for High-Side Synchronous Rectifier Operation

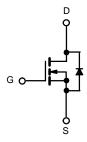


- 100 % R<sub>q</sub> Tested
- 100 % UIS Tested

### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook CPU Core
  - High-Side Switch





N-Channel MOSFET

Parameter		Symbol	Limit	Unit	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	40	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 20		
	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		14		
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>.1</sub> = 150 °C)	$T_C = 70  ^{\circ}C$	I	12		
Continuous Diam Current (1) = 150 °C)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	10 <sup>b, c</sup>		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		9 <sup>b, c</sup>	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	56	A	
Ocaliana Carres Busin Bioda Coment	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I-	14		
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>S</sub>	2.1 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Single Pulse Avalanche Current	L = 0.1 mH	I <sub>AS</sub>	16		
Avalanche Energy	E Energy L = 0.1 min		15	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C		8	W	
	T <sub>C</sub> = 70 °C	PD	4.5		
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	LD	3.1 <sup>b, c</sup>	VV	
	T <sub>A</sub> = 70 °C		1.9 <sup>b, c</sup>		
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Ra	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150	°C		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, d</sup>	t ≤ 10 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	40	55	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	$R_{thJF}$	20	29	]	

### Notes:

- a. Base on  $T_C$  = 25 °C.
- b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.
- c. t = 10 s.
- d. Maximum under Steady State conditions is 85 °C/W.

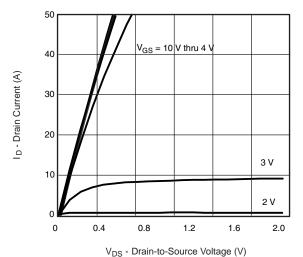
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Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static							
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{DS}$	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	40			V	
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		28		mV/°C	
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/T_{J}$	1D = 230 μΛ		- 6		mv/°C	
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250 \mu A$	1.0		3.0	V	
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$			± 100	nA	
Zana Oata Valta va B. i. O i	1	V <sub>DS</sub> = 36 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V			1		
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 36 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C			10	μA	
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	$V_{DS} \ge 5 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	20			Α	
	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		0.0129	0.0155	Ω	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>		$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 8 \text{ A}$		0.0168	0.0205		
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		52		S	
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>					<u> </u>		
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>			2150		pF	
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>	$V_{DS} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		530			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			91			
T. 1.0 ( )		V <sub>DS</sub> = 36 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10 A		29	50	†	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$			15	25	nC	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS} = 36 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 8 \text{ A}$		6.5			
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$			3.3			
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	f = 1 MHz		1.8		Ω	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			16	24		
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 36 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$		12	18		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 8 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 4.5 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		16	24		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			10	20		
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			8	16	ns	
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 36 V, $R_L$ = 1.4 $\Omega$		10	20		
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	$I_D \cong 10 \text{ A}, V_{GEN} = 10 \text{ V}, R_g = 1 \Omega$		16	24		
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			8	15		
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characterist</b>	ics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C			14	^	
Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>SM</sub>				56	A	
Body Diode Voltage	$V_{SD}$	I <sub>S</sub> = 10 A		0.8	1.2	V	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>			15	30	ns	
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>	1 10 A 41/4 100 A/2 T 05 00		6	12	nC	
Reverse Recovery Fall Time	t <sub>a</sub>	$I_F = 10 \text{ A}, \text{ dI/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}, T_J = 25 \text{ °C}$		8			
Reverse Recovery Rise Time	t <sub>b</sub>	-		7	1	ns	

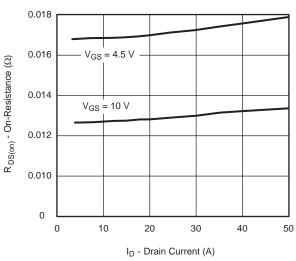
Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300 µs, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %. b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

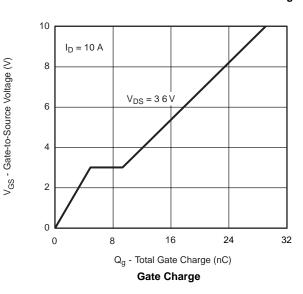


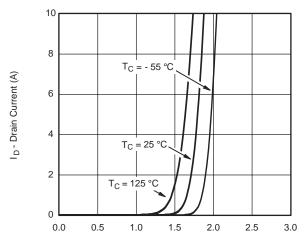


#### **Output Characteristics**

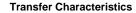


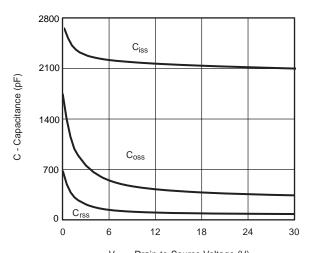
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage





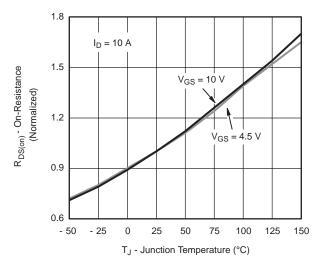
V<sub>GS</sub> - Gate-to-Source Voltage (V)





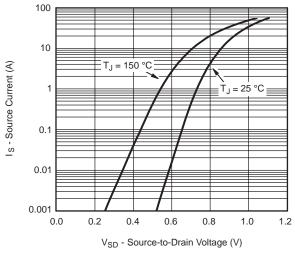
V<sub>DS</sub> - Drain-to-Source Voltage (V)

#### Capacitance

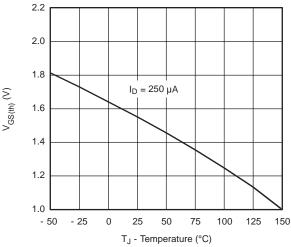


On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

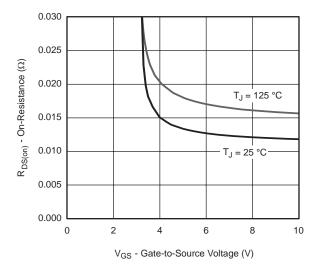




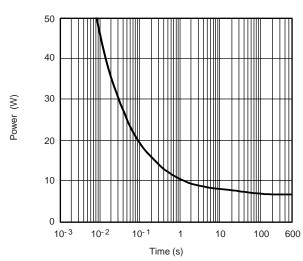
#### Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



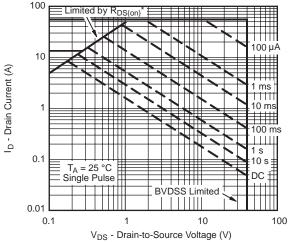
**Threshold Voltage** 



On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



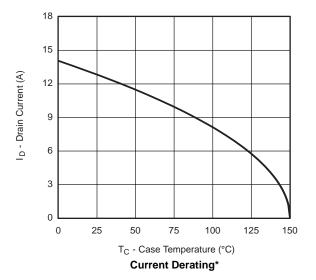
Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient

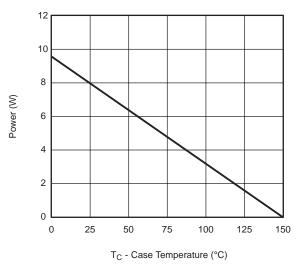


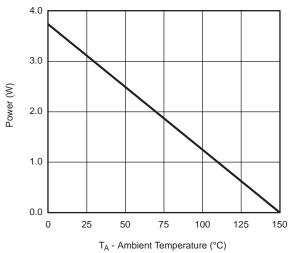
\* V<sub>GS</sub> > minimum V<sub>GS</sub> at which R<sub>DS(on)</sub> is specified

Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient







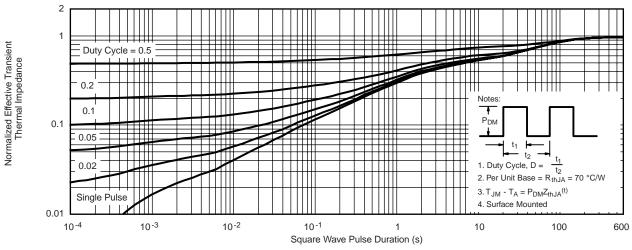


Power Derating, Junction-to-Foot

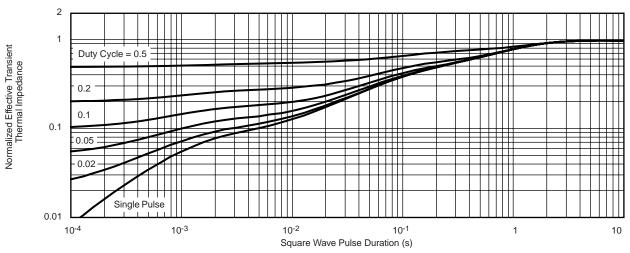
Power Derating, Junction-to-Ambient

<sup>\*</sup> The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)}$  = 150 °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.





Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient



Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Foot





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