

# N-Channel 700V (D-S) Super Junction Power MOSFET

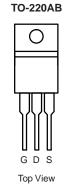
PRODUCT SUMMARY				
V <sub>DS</sub> (V) at T <sub>J</sub> max.	700			
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> max. at 25 °C (Ω)	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	0.21		
Q <sub>g</sub> max. (nC)	110			
Q <sub>gs</sub> (nC)	15			
Q <sub>gd</sub> (nC)	32			
Configuration	Single			

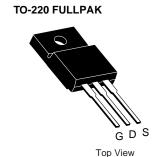
### **FEATURES**

- Low figure-of-merit (FOM) Ron x Qa
- Low input capacitance (Ciss)
- Reduced switching and conduction losses
- Ultra low gate charge (Q<sub>a</sub>)
- Avalanche energy rated (UIS)

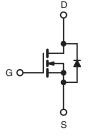
### **APPLICATIONS**

- Server and telecom power supplies
- Switch mode power supplies (SMPS)
- Power factor correction power supplies (PFC)
- Lighting
  - High-intensity discharge (HID)
  - Fluorescent ballast lighting
- Industrial









N-Channel MOSFET

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>C</sub>	= 25 °C, unl	ess otherwis	se noted)			
PARAMETER			SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage			V <sub>DS</sub>	700		
Gate-Source Voltage			$V_{GS}$	± 30	V	
Continuous Drain Current (T <sub>J</sub> = 150 °C)	V <sub>GS</sub> at 10 V	T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C	I <sub>D</sub>	20		
		T <sub>C</sub> = 100 °C		14	Α	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>a</sup>			I <sub>DM</sub>	56		
Linear Derating Factor				1.8	W/°C	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy b			E <sub>AS</sub>	691	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation			$P_{D}$	227	W	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C		
Drain-Source Voltage Slope	T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		70	70	1//	
Reverse Diode dV/dt <sup>d</sup>		dV/dt	26	V/ns		
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature) c	for 10 s			300	°C	

### Notes

- a. Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- b.  $V_{DD}$  = 50 V, starting  $T_J$  = 25 °C, L = 28.2 mH,  $R_q$  = 25  $\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}$  = 7 A.
- c. 1.6 mm from case.
- d.  $I_{SD} \le I_D$ , dI/dt = 100 A/ $\mu$ s, starting  $T_J = 25$  °C.



# DTN20N70SJ/DTP20N70SJ/DTP20N70FSJ

www.din-tek.jp

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	62	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	0.55	G/ VV	

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static		-					
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$		700	-	-	V
V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_{J}$	Reference	Reference to 25 °C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 mA		0.74		V/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage (N)	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> =	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA		-	4	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{GS} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$		-	-	± 100	nA
			$V_{GS} = \pm 30 \text{ V}$			± 1	μΑ
Zava Cata Valtaga Dvain Cuwant		V <sub>DS</sub> =	$V_{DS} = 700 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		-	1	μΑ
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 520 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 125 °C		-	-	10	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	I <sub>D</sub> = 11 A	-	0.21	-	Ω
Forward Transconductance	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = 8 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 5 A		-	6.7	-	S
Dynamic							
Input Capacitance	C <sub>iss</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 100 V, f = 1 MHz		-	2415		pF
Output Capacitance	C <sub>oss</sub>			-	118	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C <sub>rss</sub>			-	4	-	
Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related <sup>a</sup>	C <sub>o(er)</sub>	- V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V to 520 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		-	89	-	
Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related <sup>b</sup>	C <sub>o(tr)</sub>			-	307	-	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$			-	73	110	
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 11 \text{ A}, V_{DS} = 520 \text{ V}$		15	-	nC
Gate-Drain Charge	Q <sub>gd</sub>	1			32	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>	$V_{DD} = 520 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 11 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, R_{g} = 9.1 \Omega$		=.	22	45	- ns
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>			-	33	66	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>			-	73	110	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			=.	38	76	
Gate Input Resistance	R <sub>g</sub>	f = 1 MHz, open drain		-	0.64	-	Ω
<b>Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristic</b>	s						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I <sub>S</sub>	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode		-	-	20	_
Pulsed Diode Forward Current	I <sub>SM</sub>			-	-	56	A
Diode Forward Voltage	V <sub>SD</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>S</sub> = 11 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		-	-	1.2	V
Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, I <sub>F</sub> = I <sub>S</sub> = 11 A, dl/dt = 100 A/ $\mu$ s, V <sub>R</sub> = 400 V		-	400	-	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q <sub>rr</sub>			-	5.9	-	μC
Reverse Recovery Current	I <sub>RRM</sub>			_	20	_	A

- a.  $C_{oss(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 % to 80 %  $V_{DSS}$ . b.  $C_{oss(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 % to 80 %  $V_{DSS}$ .

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (25 °C, unless otherwise noted)

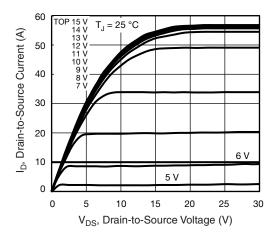


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

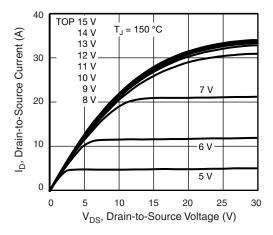


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

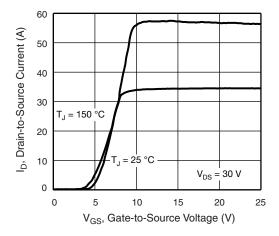


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

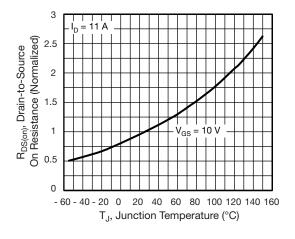


Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

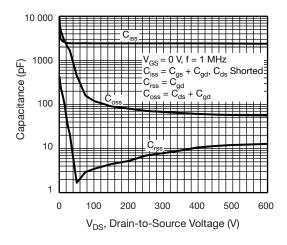


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

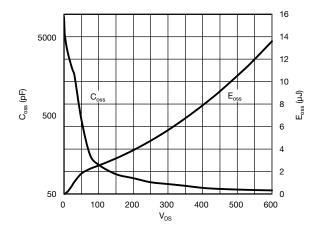


Fig. 6 -  $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{oss}}$  and  $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{oss}}$  vs.  $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{DS}}$ 



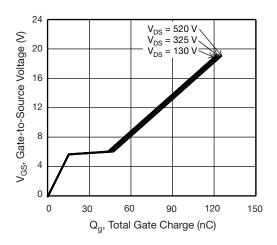


Fig. 7 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

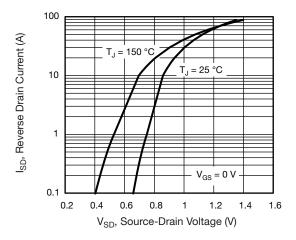


Fig. 8 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

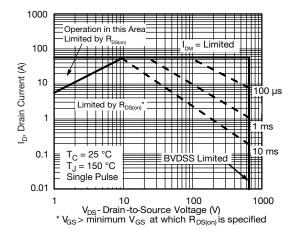


Fig. 9 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

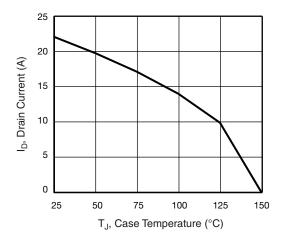


Fig. 10 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

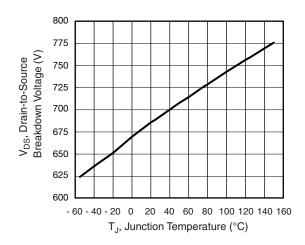


Fig. 11 - Temperature vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage



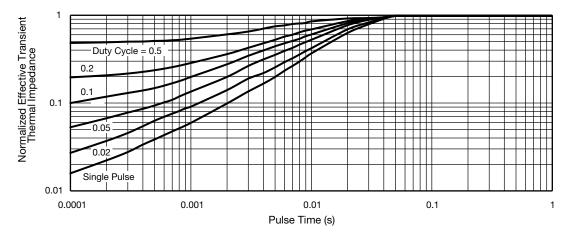


Fig. 12 - Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case

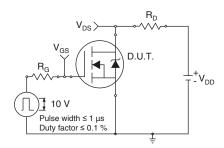


Fig. 13 - Switching Time Test Circuit

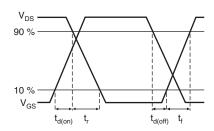


Fig. 14 - Switching Time Waveforms

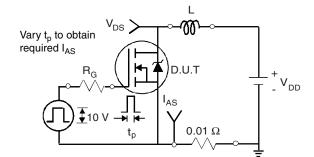


Fig. 15 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

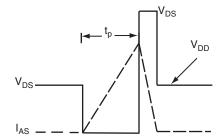


Fig. 16 - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

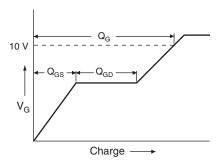


Fig. 17 - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

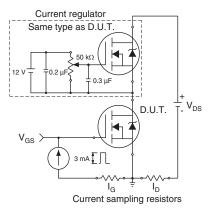
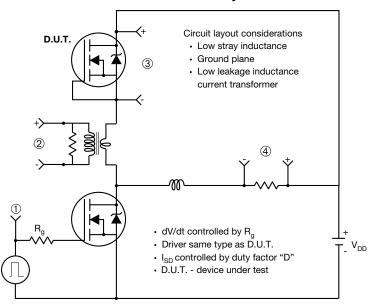


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit

### Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit



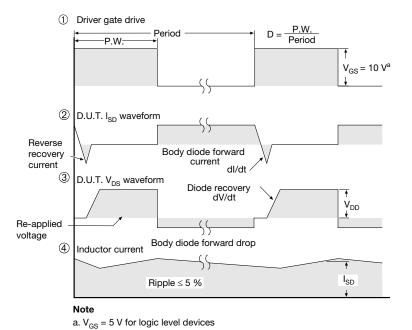


Fig. 19 - For N-Channel





## **Disclaimer**

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on requirements that are often placed on products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify 's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of . Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

## **Material Category Policy**

Din-Tek Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as RoHS-Compliant fulfill the definitions and restrictions defined under Directive 2011/65/EU of The European Parliament and of the Council of June 8, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - recast, unless otherwise specified as non-compliant.

Please note that some Din-Tek documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Din-Tek Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Din-Tek documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.